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Ecuador Expeditions

Cayambe-Cotopaxi Skills Expedition
Chimborazo Ascent
EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST

Ecuador is named for its position on the Earth's equator, and certainly much of the country enjoys the tropical climate normally associated with that latitude. However, the ascent of any of Ecuador's highest summits involves climbing into an alpine environment more comparable to Alaska than to the tropics. Please take time to choose your clothing and equipment carefully.

CLIMATE: At lower elevations, temperatures can get up to 80°F (27°C), though this is uncommon. During acclimatization hikes and approaches to the mountains, temperatures may range from 40°F to 75°F (4°C to 24°C), but they are most commonly between 50°F (10°C) and 65°F (18°C). Summit temperatures on Cayambe, Antisana, Cotopaxi and Chimborazo usually range from 25°F to 45°F (4°C to 7°C), but they can be as cold as 10°F (12°C) and be accompanied by a strong wind. We may enjoy clear skies and lots of sun, or we may experience periods of rain or snow.

Given the variability in weather, layering and versatility are key. The layering achieved with a number of thinner garments will be far more preferable than being limited to one or two warmer, thicker items. Clothing should allow good freedom of movement and be lightweight.

GEAR PREPARATION: Please take the time to properly label and identify all items of personal gear. Be sure to mark your name on a clothing or item tag.

When preparing your equipment for travel to Ecuador, protect your equipment by covering any sharp objects with cardboard or other protection to prevent puncturing or tearing. Please pack your boots and shell jacket/pants into your carry-on luggage just in case your checked baggage is delayed.

ASSISTANCE: All of our rentals are done in Ecuador at a local gear shop. You will fill out a Rental Request Form before your expedition to inform us of any rentals you may need. Please feel free to contact the AAI Equipment Shop if you have any questions about gear for your expedition. The shop can be reached at shop@alpineinstitute.com or 360-671-1570.

Clothing	Packing Checklist
Beanie/Toque Wool or synthetic, must fit under a helmet.	□ Own □ Buy
Sun Hat A baseball cap or visor works well.	□ Own □ Buy
Lightweight Balaclava / Buff Look for one that is UPF rated. Brighter colors work better for warmer conditions and darker colors for colder conditions.	□ Own □ Buy
Glacier Glasses These are mandatory. Look for a pair that fits well and has side shields. The lenses should be dark enough to not let more than 10% of visible light through. Photochromic (variable tint) lenses are more expensive but are usable in a wider range of activities.	□ Own □ Buy
★ NOTE: Those using contact lenses should also bring a pair of prescription glasses in the event that your contacts or solutions are lost or damaged by freezing. If you only use prescription glasses, we recommend "OTG" (over the glass) or "Frame-over" style sunglasses.	
Goggles Optional. These are used in high winds or heavy rain, and can serve as a backup to your glacier glasses. Look for UVA/UVB protection and a lighter lens is recommended for better visibility in flat light.	□ Own □ Buy
Headlamp Bring extra batteries, or if it has a rechargeable battery, make sure to bring a charger. 200-350 Lumens is an ideal range.	□ Own □ Buy
Liner Glove Thin, lightweight, wool or synthetic gloves. Size to fit snug but not too tight. You will wear these for much of your time on the mountain. UPF rated liner gloves are ideal for sun protection. 1 pair is required; 2 pairs are suggested.	□ Own □ Buy
Work Glove The most desirable glove is one that is comfortable and dexterous, so that it can be worn all day. It should be durable enough (leather palms) to handle ropes, ice axes, and a bit of rock scrambling. These come in different weights, so choose the thickness that works with your glove system. Bring one pair.	□ Own □ Buy
Expedition / Hard Shell Glove Composed of heavy-duty waterproof shells with extremely warm liners, these modular gloves MUST have removable liners. These gloves must be dexterous enough to handle ropes, carabiners, and jumars.	□ Own □ Buy
Undergarments Wool or synthetic.	□ Own □ Buy
Base Layer Top This will be your base layer and should be "lightweight or silk weight" synthetic or wool. Long sleeves are preferred. No cotton.	□ Own □ Buy

Base Layer Bottom Look for the same features of your Base Layer Top. They should fit comfortably under your trekking pants. These are used mainly in the evening or on colder days while trekking. This will be your primary layer on those days.	□ Own □ Buy
Active Insulation Layer Lightweight "gridded fleece" or lightweight down or synthetic insulated jacket. Hood preferred.	□ Own □ Buy
Soft Shell Jacket or Windshirt A soft shell is a weather resistant, breathable, and stretchy freedom of movement piece. This piece is versatile in the sense of movement. It is often called an "action layer." It is weather resistant, meaning it can put up with light showers and wind. Also if it gets wet it dries fairly quickly. This enables you to not have to stop and put on another piece when the wind picks up or a light shower happens. Because it is water resistant, and not waterproof, it also breathes fairly well. This enables you to move without overheating, so you don't have to constantly stop to change out layers to regulate body temperature. They are also made of a stretchy material so there are no restrictions to your movement during activity. Put all those together and you have a pretty versatile layer, the Soft Shell. Hood preferred.	□ Own □ Buy
Insulation Jacket A.K.A. the "puffy." Down or Synthetic. This piece is worn in cold conditions or when not moving. Hood preferred. If choosing Down, water-resistant Down treatment is preferred to help prevent matting and loss of insulating ability if the jacket gets wet.	□ Own □ Buy
Hard Shell Jacket Non-insulated jacket with a waterproof and breathable membrane. Three layer construction is recommended. It must have a hood, ideally a helmet compatible hood. When sizing make sure it can fit over other layers.	□ Own □ Buy
Hiking Pant These should be light to mid-weight comfortable synthetic pants that don't restrict movement. These will be worn in-town and on acclimatization hikes.	□ Own □ Buy
Soft Shell Pant Look for the same features as your soft shell jacket. This will be your outermost layer most of the time for your legs. A thigh pocket is a useful feature for storing small items. Your base layers need to fit under these pants comfortably.	□ Own □ Buy
Hard Shell Pant Non-insulated, waterproof and breathable membrane. Full side zips are recommended. When sizing make sure it is able to fit over a base layer and soft shell pants.	□ Own □ Buy
Socks Wool or synthetic socks that are over the ankle height. Focus on getting insulation from the boot and using a lighter weight sock, instead of using a heavy weight sock for warmth. Wearing a "silk-weight" liner sock beneath your hiking sock can reduce friction on the skin directly and mitigate blister development. Bringing 2-3 pairs is recommended for this Expedition. Two pairs mainly used while climbing that can be switched out if one gets wet. As well as having a 3rd pair to sleep in and as a backup.	□ Own □ Buy
Comfortable Approach Shoes For use around Quito. These can be the same shoes for the day hikes and approach hikes.	□ Own □ Buy

double boot constructions synthetic leather (e) and polymer coate mountaineering boot for some climbers gaiter or overboot in * NOTE: There are	ruction. A variety of the Sportiva Speed nylon or Kevlar of with insulated lining in very mild weath a case conditions remany makes and mo	dels of insulated, full shank mount of materials can work for the co pantik), molded hard plastic (e.g. or fabric (e.g. the Sportiva Baru ng, such as the Sportiva Nepal Educ, ber, but must be accompanied by quire it.	outer boot, including the Koflach Degre), ntse). A single wall vo, may be adequate y an insulated upper	□ Own □ Buy □ Rent*	
pants from the sha	rp points on your o	out of your boots and socks and crampons. Check the fit of the g s adequate. Can omit if your pan	aiter to your boot in	□ Own □ Buy	
		Climbing		Packing Checklist	
Ice Axe A straight shaft ice axe like the Petzl Glacier or Black Diamond Raven Pro is recommended. Adze is required. Please contact our Equipment Shop if you have any questions. Use the following table as a rough guide on length. Ice axe leashes are not required and not recommended.			□ Own □ Buy □ Rent*		
	S	Straight Shaft Axe			
	Personal Height	Recommended Length of Axe			
	5'8" or shorter	50-55cm			
	5'9"- 6'	55-60cm			
	6'1"-6'3"	60-65 cm			
	6'4" and up	65-68cm			
:	•	p and gear loops. When sizing ma	ake sure it can fit	Own Buy Rent*	
Helmet Must be UIAA rated for climbing.			□ Own □ Buy □ Rent*		
Crampons Must be steel crampons with front points and compatible with your mountaineering boots. Only modern strapon, step-in, or 'newmatic' crampons are acceptable.			□ Own □ Buy □ Rent*	************	
<u> </u>	_	r-style locking carabiners. biners.		□ Own □ Buy	

Trekking Poles One is required, but two are highly recommended. These increase balance while wearing a heavy pack and making stream crossings, while also decreasing pressure on the knees during steep descents. Adjustable poles only.	□ Own □ Buy □ Rent*
Prusiks These are specially tied loops of 6mm cord used for crevasse rescue. Bring three lengths; 13 ft, 6 ft, 5 ft. We recommend getting three different colors for easy identification.	□ Own □ Buy
Internal Frame Pack We recommend a pack size around 50L for this Expedition. Choose the pack that fits your body best. It is very important that your pack is in good working condition and not prone to failures of any sort. Our packs are a hugely important item and a climber may not be able to continue due to a pack failure. An external frame is not adequate. Most climbers on this Expedition will use the same pack for hut approaches (approx. 35 lbs for up to 1 hour) as well as for their trekking/summit pack (approx. 20-25 lbs for up to 8 hours). For this purpose, it is nice to have a backpack that has adjustable compression straps. Removable hipbelt, suspension parts, and lid are ideal options.	□ Own □ Buy □ Rent*
Day Pack 25 L to 35 L is an ideal size, if you choose to bring a separate pack for day treks and summit approaches.	□ Own □ Buy
Duffle Bag Bring one large, sturdy duffle bag. Durable coated nylon is best. This will be tied on the roof of our jeeps as we drive to base camp. Models with wheels are not allowed.	□ Own □ Buy
Camping	Packing Checklist
Sleeping Bag We recommend either a synthetic or down sleeping bag rated to around 15°F. If you bring a synthetic bag bring one on the lower end of the temperature range since synthetic bags tend not to be as warm as down. If choosing Down, water-resistant Down treatment is preferred to help prevent matting and loss of insulating ability if the sleeping bag gets wet.	□ Own □ Buy □ Rent*
We recommend either a synthetic or down sleeping bag rated to around 15°F. If you bring a synthetic bag bring one on the lower end of the temperature range since synthetic bags tend not to be as warm as down. If choosing Down, water-resistant Down treatment is preferred to	■ Buy
We recommend either a synthetic or down sleeping bag rated to around 15°F. If you bring a synthetic bag bring one on the lower end of the temperature range since synthetic bags tend not to be as warm as down. If choosing Down, water-resistant Down treatment is preferred to help prevent matting and loss of insulating ability if the sleeping bag gets wet. Compression Stuff Sack	□ Buy □ Rent*

Hydration 3L capacity is recommended, though some people need more and some people need less.	□ Own □ Buy
Some people bring a bladder and a hard sided bottle. The bottle is an important backup to the bladder if it gets punctured. A hard-sided bottle may also double as a mug for hot water, though not every bottle is designed to hold boiling water.	
For Camelbak style hydration bladders, bring a drinking tube insulator, as the tube can freeze up. Drinking tubes must also have a lock on the bite valve. If you choose to use this system, be aware that they require constant vigilance in order to avoid freezing. Blow the water out of the tube after every use and place the bite valve in the neck of your shirt to keep from freezing.	
Water Bottle Parkas These are insulating jackets for your water bottles, one for each bottle. Must cover the entire bottle, including the lid.	□ Own □ Buy
Favorite Snack Foods We can get a lot of candy bars, granola bars, dried fruit for hiking and climbing days; however, you may have personal favorites or things that work well for you such as Power Bars, beef jerky, or Guu packets. You may not be able to purchase these specialty items in South America, so please feel free to bring some with you. Around one pound.	□ Own □ Buy
Other Essentials	Packing Checklist
Passport Required. This must be valid for six (6) months after your scheduled return date.	□ Own □ Buy
Wrist Watch A model with an alarm that will wake you up is preferable. It doesn't need to be anything fancy.	□ Own □ Buy
Toothbrush and Toothpaste Travel size recommended.	□ Own □ Buy
Hand Sanitizer and/or Wet Wipes Required. Used after going to the bathroom and before eating. Wet wipes can be used for the "mountain shower."	□ Own □ Buy
Required. Used after going to the bathroom and before eating. Wet wipes can be used for	_
Required. Used after going to the bathroom and before eating. Wet wipes can be used for the "mountain shower." Sunscreen SPF 30+, zinc based is preferred. Small travel size tubes are recommended so you can put	□ Buy □ Own
Required. Used after going to the bathroom and before eating. Wet wipes can be used for the "mountain shower." Sunscreen SPF 30+, zinc based is preferred. Small travel size tubes are recommended so you can put them in a close by pocket for easy access. Lip Balm	□ Buy □ Own □ Buy

Hand/ Foot Warmers Recommended for people that are susceptible to cold hands and toes. These should be small, disposable type products.	□ Own □ Buy
Personal First Aid Kit □ Band aids □ Blister treatment □ Prescription drugs □ Ibuprofen etc. □ If you wear contacts make sure and have spares if you can't see without them.	□ Own □ Buy
Repair Kit ☐ Inflatable sleeping pad patch kit ☐ Duct tape (Can be wrapped around trekking poles or water bottles. Gorilla Tape tends to be the best brand for the mountains.) ☐ Zip ties ☐ 6-10 ft of 3mm accessory cord ☐ 2 Trash bags that are big enough to line the inside of your pack with.	□ Own □ Buy
Garbage Bags Bring one large bag to line your backpack and one to pack out garbage. If you are continuing onto the Chimborazo Ascent, bring a second set of garbage bags.	□ Own □ Buy
Other Optional Items The items below are not required, although many are nice "luxury" items that can make your expedition more enjoyable. Remember that a few ounces here and there add up to extra pounds on your back and knees during your expedition.	Packing Checklist
Entertainment Books, games, cards, music player, kindle, ect. For evenings or rainy days in the tent.	□ Own □ Buy
Portable Charging Device Phone charger, battery pack, or solar panel. **NOTE: Solar panels should only be used to charge battery packs. Battery packs should be used to charge devices. Inappropriate use of a solar panel could lead to the depletion of a device's power.	□ Own □ Buy
Ear Plugs For defense against snoring and high winds.	□ Own □ Buy
Camera Phone cameras or small point-and-shoot cameras are preferred. SLR cameras are not recommended due to their size and bulk.	□ Own □ Buy